

SIX-YEAR-OLD . . Bobby Driscoll, a Cedar Rapids native son, considers James Craig secondary in importance to that nice lollipop in this scene from "Little Miss Magic." The picture, just being released, marks Master Driscoll's screen debut.

C. R.'s Bobby Driscoll Walks into Movie Role

Miss Isabelle Kratz used to be! first-grade teacher at Polk school. Then she became Mrs. Cletus Driscoll, began teaching a son of her own. For the result, meet six-year-old Bobby Driscoll of Pasadena, Calif., and Hollywood.

Bobby has never had a formal drama lesson in his short life. He has managed, though, to do what hundreds of children brought to Hollywood with all sorts of "talent" have never done - he has crashed the movies.

Bobby was born in Cedar Rapids, but the family moved to California three years ago. Bobby's teacher in Pasadena convinced his

mother he should have a try at pictures.

Metro - Goldwyn - Mayer seeking a boy for "Little Miss Magic," which stars another upand-coming 6-year-old, Margaret O'Brien. Mrs. Driscoll took Bobby over, and he won the role.

Of his performance Roy Rowland, director who specializes in child movies, says: "He walked right into the role and did it un-usually well."

Came "The Sullivans," Twentieth Century-Fox' story of the five Sullivan boys of Waterloo, and Bobby tried for the part of Al Sullivan as a child. Five hundred youngsters were tried out, 125 were given final screen tests. Bobby won.

And all the "drama" lessons Bobby has had are the little rhymes and jingles his mother has taught him-the same rhymes and jingles she taught her pupils at

Polk school.

Bobby is the grandson of the late L. M. Kratz and of Mrs. M. F. Hollingsworth, 1029 Oakland avenue NE, on the maternal side, and of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Driscoll, 1021 Second avenue SE. Mrs. John Cabalka, 1444 Wildwood drive NE, is his aunt.

ated' their news broadcastin exert a dangerous and dominating power over public opinion. Su power, in the hands of a fer would destroy all fairness on the air, and in a democratic wor there is no freedom without fai ness."

SOME OF us wonder how Ch would feel about freedom expression if the newspapers hi refused to take their page acon the grounds that CBS had pe sonal opinions on a controversi subject. . . . CBS, it seems, doesnapprove of censorship. It mere wants each commentator to star before a parole board. . Do White deny the following Mr. fact? That very recently the Union League club a gathe ing of wealthy business men i vited some Columbia B'casti radio voices. . . . These anti-a ministration people made bones about matters. Th spoke frankly and bluntly. ... "We spend a lot of money wi CBS," one said in effect, "mon that is used to pay the salaries commentators, who voice opi ions with which we disagre Now, we do not say your cor mentators should agree with